WORKSHEET FOR TRANSITIVE AND INTRANSITIVE VERBS

1. Set off each prepositional phrase with parentheses.
2. Cross out all adjectives (including articles) and adverbs.
3. Mark the sentence pattern. (If there is a verb phrase, write AV or LV above the main verb. See Below)
4. On the line indicate whether the verb is “transitive” or “intransitive.”

Mr. Sunday’s meetings soon ballooned into city-wide campaigns. _________________________

They were a united effort of the believers of each city. ________________________________

Often these revivals lasted for several weeks. ________________________________

At each location the workers constructed a tabernacle. ______________________________

A large committee was responsible for all the details of the meetings. ______________________

Mr. Sunday had been a baseball star. ________________________________

For this reason, the largest portion of the audience was often men. _________________________

People from all walks of life accepted Christ as Saviour. ________________________________

The truth of the Gospel transformed whole cities. ________________________________

Many of these cities were large metropolitan areas like Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. ____________

TIPS FOR TRANSITIVE AND INTRANSITIVE VERBS:

A transitive verb has a doer (subject) and a receiver (direct object) of the action.

An intransitive verb has no receiver of the action.

Linking verbs are always intransitive.

SENTENCE PATTERNS:

N – AV – N   Subject – Action Verb – Direct Object

N – LV – N   Subject – Linking Verb – Predicate Nominative or Adjective

N – AV       Subject – Action Verb